### Medicaid Expansion: Virginia has Better Alternatives

### Virginia Medicaid Innovation and Reform Commission

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### The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act

### **Medicaid Under the PPACA**

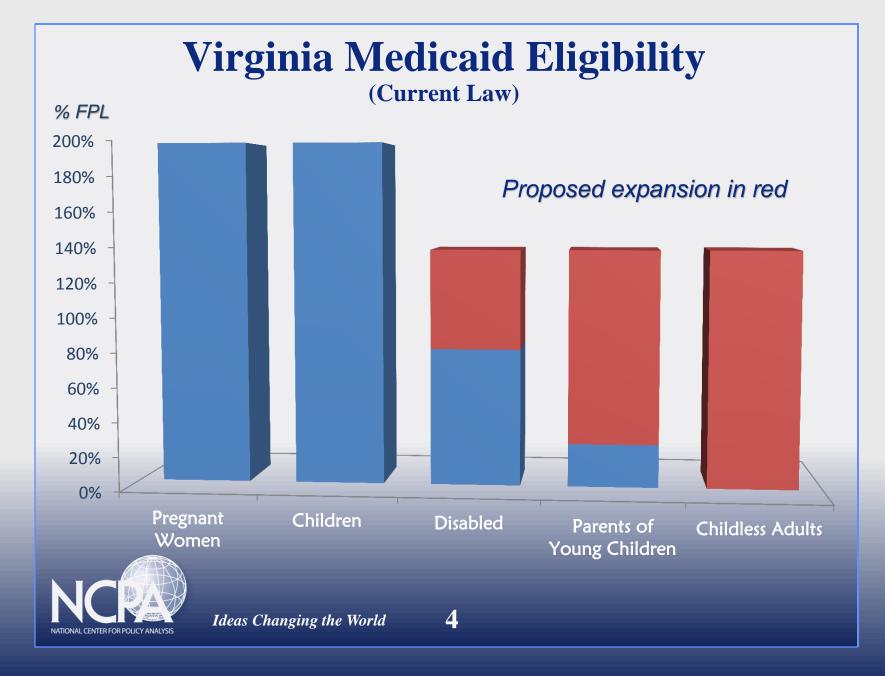
- ACA Expands Medicaid to 138% of FPL
- CBO: originally estimated 16 million to 17 million covered
- Supreme Court: States have a choice
- ✓ CBO: After SCOTUS ~11 million



# Federal Poverty Level (2013)

FPL	Individual	Family of Two	Family of Four
100%	\$11,490	\$15,510	\$23,550
138%	\$15,856	\$21,404	\$32,499
200%	\$22,980	\$31,020	\$47,100
300%	\$34,470	\$46,530	\$70,650
400%	\$45,960	\$62,040	\$94,200





### **Potential Medicaid Population**

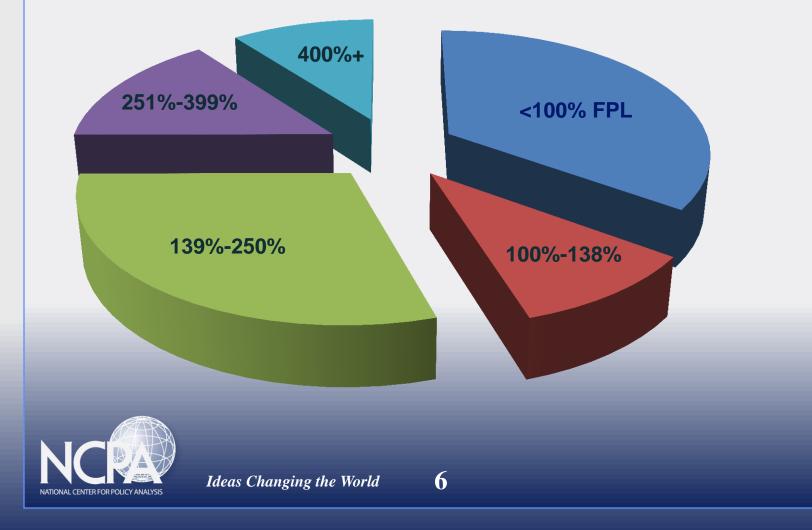
Who is theoretically eligible?

1.7 million with Income < 139% FPL</li>
✓ Uninsured < 139% FPL: 485,800</li>
✓ Employer coverage: 339,400
✓ Other coverage: 208,400
✓ Medicaid enrolled: 423,200



# The Uninsured in Virginia

#### (by percent of poverty)

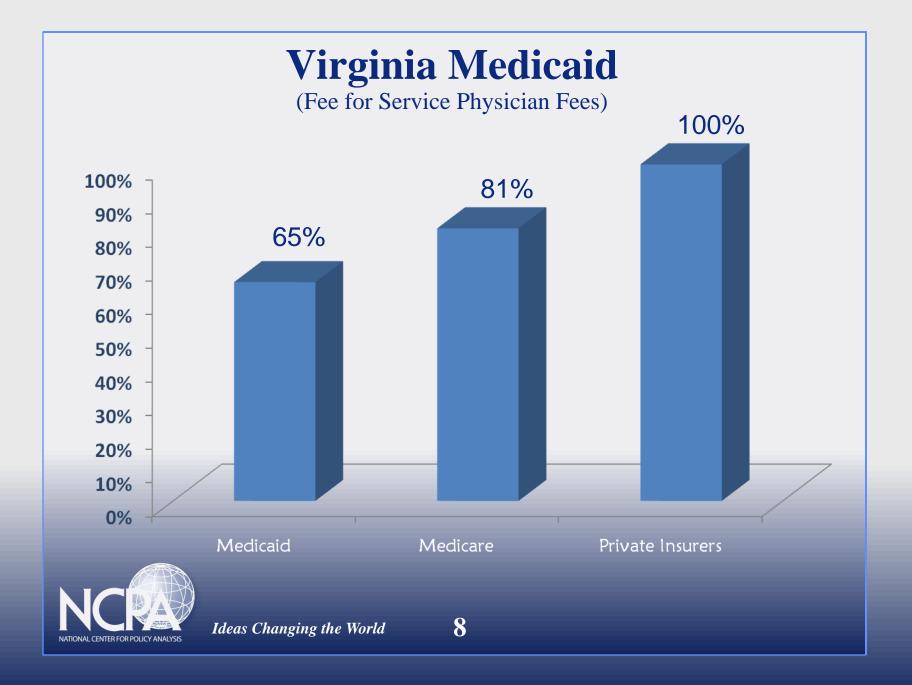


## **Virginia Medicaid Expansion**

### **Challenges to Overcome**

- Medicaid Displaces Private Insurance
- Physician Shortage
- Low Medicaid Provider Fees
- Poor Access to Care
- Medicaid and Emergency Room Overuse
- Poor Outcomes





### **State Subsidy per Family Member**



### **Alternatives to Medicaid Expansion**

### **Tailor Medicaid to Meet Virginia's Needs**

Uninsured <100%: FMAP ~50%</li>

- Uninsured 100%-138%: Health Insurance Exchange
- Premiums cannot exceed 2% of income
- Private insurers reimbursement is about 1.4 times Medicaid fees
- ✓ Virginia could subsidize cost ~200-\$300



### **Exchanging Medicaid for Private Coverage**

### Population: 100%-138% (2014-2023)

- Federal Medicaid Spending ~ \$7.6 billion
- Virginia would spend about \$0.5 billion+
- Approximate value of private spending ~ \$10.3 billion.
- Potentially \$280 million more medical funding annually.
- After 2016 tailor Medicaid program to meet needs of those earning <100% FPL.</li>



# Conclusion

- Medicaid is not the best way to reduce the uninsured.
- Perhaps 30% of new Medicaid enrollees may be those who dropped private coverage.
- Low provider payments will create a barrier to access.
- Enrollees without access will use ER.
- Subsidized coverage through the exchange is a better option for moderate-income uninsured.





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